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## Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals

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## Errata

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"The Crystal Structure of Octyl D-Gluconate: A Mesogenic Structure with Monolayer Head-to-Tail Molecular Packing" by Sarama Bhattacharjee, George A. Jeffrey, and John W. Goodby, Mol. Cryst. and Liq. Cryst. 131, 244 (1985).

The correct identity of this structure is N-(n-octyl)-D-gluconamide. The remarkable similarity between the DSC properties reported for octyl-D-gluconate<sup>1</sup> and N-(n-octyl)-D-gluconamide<sup>2</sup> prompted a comparison of the two crystal structure analyses. <sup>1,3</sup> This showed the two compounds to be identical. The comparison of the crystal data is shown in Table I.

TABLE I
Comparison of crystal structural data

	Octyl gluconate	Octyl gluconamide
Space group	P2 <sub>1</sub>	P2 <sub>1</sub>
	a = 4.798(1)  Å	c = 4.805(1)  Å
	b = 32.353(8)	b = 32.425(9)
	c = 5.241(1)	a = 5.252(1)
	$\beta = 94.90(1)^{\circ}$	$\beta = 94.96(1)^{\circ}$

The two sets of atomic coordinates are related by the following origin shifts:

gluconate		gluconamide
x + 1/2	≈	x³
-(y + 2796)	~	y <b>°</b>
z - 1/2	~	z'

The correspondence between the two sets of atomic coordinates is then within 0.01 Å ( $\sim 2\sigma$ ). The NH group of the gluconamide was misinterpreted as a carbonyl oxygen in our analysis. The discrepancy was not noted due to the poor quality of our crystals and the ensuing X-ray diffraction data.

This mistake was the consequence of a combination of hospitality and poor handwriting during a lecture tour in the Netherlands by one of the authors (GAJ). We are grateful to Dr. J. Batclaan of Akzo Research, Arnheim, Netherlands for suggesting the possibility of this error.

## References

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